

# FM 431: Econometrics of Financial Markets

Fall 2009

## PROBLEM SHEET # 5

**Problem:** File `export_germany.csv` contains a time series of the value (measured in  $10^9$  euros; converted to hypothetical euro values before January 1999) of monthly exports from Germany to other countries for the period January 1952 through July 2009. (The data source is *Deutsche Bundesbank*, <http://www.bundesbank.de>.) Let this series be denoted as  $(X_t)$ , where  $t$  indicates the month.

- a) Plot the following series:  $(X_t)$ ,  $(\ln(X_t))$ ,  $(X_t - X_{t-1})$ ,  $(\ln(X_t) - \ln(X_{t-1}))$ , using the R function `ts.plot`. (Convert the series into a time series object after reading it in.) Which of these series might be stationary?
- b) Find a reasonably good ARIMA model for the series  $(\ln(X_t))$ . (Use the `acf/pacf` as a tool for model identification; use R functions `arima`, `summary` and `tsdiag`. — The AIC of your final model should be no larger than  $-2070.6$ .)
- c) Based on the model you identified in (b), first forecast the logged export series for 24 months following July 2009, and then produce a forecast for the series of exports itself. Plot your forecast, together with the past time series values.