

Bus 274: Further Statistics for Business

Spring 2015

PROBLEM SHEET # 2

Problem 1: A fish basin contains 30% bluefish and 70% bream. Three fish are randomly caught (randomly selected without replacement). Let X = number of bream among the three.

- Suppose the basin is small and contains only 10 fish (3 bluefish, 7 bream). What is the distribution of X ?
- In the case of (a), write the probability that one fish is a bluefish and two are breams.
- Now suppose the basin contains 100 fish (30 bluefish, 70 bream). Which discrete distribution can be used as an approximation for the distribution of X ? (Give reasons for your answer. Give the values of all parameters.)
- How should the fish be caught (how should they be randomly selected) so that the distribution in (c) is the *precise* distribution of X ?

Problem 2: An online shop has observed that 10% of those visitors looking for a certain CD finally buy a CD. Let X = number of those among the next n visitors who buy a CD.

- What is the distribution of X ?
- Considering the next 5 visitors, what is the probability that at least two of them will buy?
- Considering the next 1000 visitors, compute the parameters of the normal distribution approximating the distribution of X .
- In the case of (c), give an interval such that X will be in this interval with a probability of about $2/3$. (Hint: One of the following will be helpful: $8.5^2 \approx 72$, $9.5^2 \approx 90$, $10.5^2 \approx 110$.)
- The number 50 is outside the interval of (d). What does this mean with respect to observations of X ? (You can support your argument with an illustration of the density of X .)

Problem 3: One of the items used in a car repair shop is a certain type of windshield. The repair shop needs an average of 2 units of this windshield per month. We assume that demand in different months is independent.

- Why is it reasonable to consider $N =$ *monthly demand of this windshield* a random variable?
- Explain why we can assume that $N \sim \text{Po}(\lambda)$. — What is the value of λ in this case?
- Write the expression, with the correct parameter, for the probability that no unit will be needed during a month, that is: $P(N = 0)$.
- Write the expression, with the correct parameter, for the probability that more than three units will be needed during a month, that is: $P(N > 3)$.
- Let X = length of the time interval (in days) between two successive requirements of the windshield. Find the distribution of X .
- Let M = required number of units of the windshield in a year. Find the expectation and the variance of M .
- Demand for the windshield was above average in December. What does this mean for demand in January? Discuss briefly. (Hint: Refer to the assumptions made above.)
- Why is it useful to analyze windshield demand in car repair shops? Discuss briefly.