

Bus 273: Statistical Analysis for Business

Fall 2011

PROBLEM SHEET # 10

Problem 1: The lifetime of an electric bulb is an exponentially distributed random variable with mean 2500 hours.

- What is the probability that a typical light bulb will burn for at least 3000 hours?
- A light installation has 10 bulbs. What is the probability that *all* of them will last for at least 3000 hours?

Problem 2: A project involves four activities A_1, A_2, A_3, A_4 . Activity A_i must be completed before activity A_{i+1} can be started ($i = 1, 2, 3$). Let X_i be the duration of activity A_i , that is, the time needed to complete activity A_i . Optimal, most likely, and pessimistic durations (in days) are given in the table below. We assume that durations are independent.

activity	duration X_i		
	optimal	most likely	pessimistic
A_1	2	4	6
A_2	4	5	7
A_3	4	6	10
A_4	3	4	8

The completion time of the entire project is then given by the random variable $X = \sum_{i=1}^4 X_i$. — Use the approximate expressions for expectation and variance of the beta distribution to solve the following problems.

- Compute the expected duration of each activity.
- Compute the variance of each duration.
- Compute the expected project time, $E(X)$.
- Compute the standard deviation of the project time, $sd(X)$.
- Which statement about X can be made using the one-sigma-interval?
- Now suppose it took five days to complete A_1 . What is the expected remaining time to completion of the entire project?
- It turned out that the entire project took 25 days to complete. In view of your results in (c), (d), (e): Would you say this completion time is very long, or very short, or is it just “normal”?
- Find an example of activities A_1, A_2 whose durations X_1, X_2 might not be independent. How would this dependence affect expectation and variance of $X_1 + X_2$?